

# Today's Menu

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# Meet the Team



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Ashley Barasebwa Database Developer Grillardin



Ben Nissley
Webmaster / Frontend Developer
Sommelier / Cicerone



Nate Donald Backend Developer Rôtisseur



# The Dish (background)

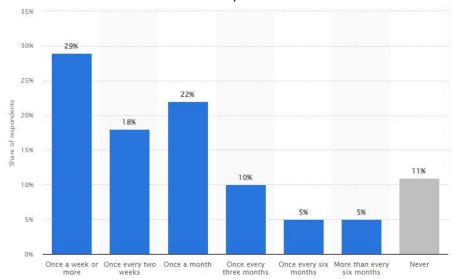




Family spending on dining out has increased year after year, passing pre-pandemic levels<sup>[2]</sup>

Travelers spend 25% of their budget dining out<sup>[3]</sup>

Frequency of eating out at a restaurant in the United States as of January 2022





Source: Statistica [4]



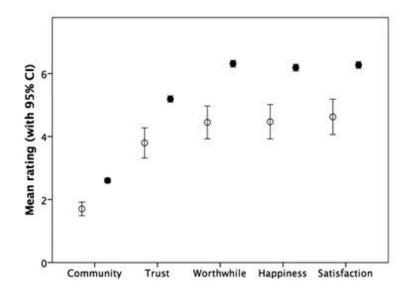
### The Dish

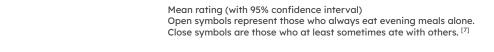


Dining out is used for several occasions, be it graduations, dates, or just promotes stronger bonding Research suggests that



communal eating increases an individual's wellbeing, social bonding, and happiness<sup>[5]</sup>
50% of American diners prefer to dine out in a group<sup>[6]</sup>









# The Deep Dish

So why not just eat at home with family and friends?



It takes time to cook, and people have busy schedules.



Not everyone can accommodate all their friends and family



Who's cooking? Vegan Val might not find any suitable dishes at Carnivore Carl's house.

#### Skill

Not everyone is capable of cooking at home.

#### Top 5 Reasons Gen Z & Millennials Don't Cook More at Home

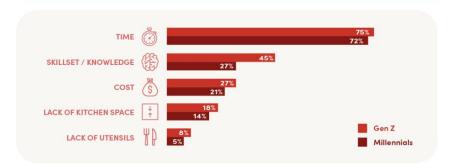


Image Source: [8]

https://www.homeruninnpizza.com/news-blog/fun-facts/cooking-habits-gen-z-millennials/





# The Deep Dish

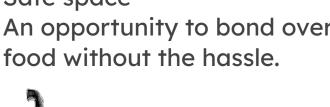
Working/studying from home? How will you see others? Invite them to your house? No! Meet at a restaurant.

#### They provide:

Social engagement

Safe space

An opportunity to bond over







### But wait...

Which restaurant will you go to?

You can look at online reviews, but they can be unreliable, resulting in inefficient decision making [9]

Besides, what does your buddy want to eat? How can you find a place that suits both of you?

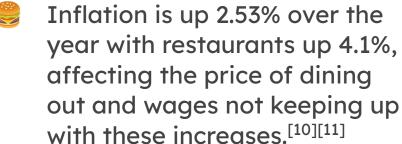
By the time you decide on a place, you may as well have cooked something. What can help you?







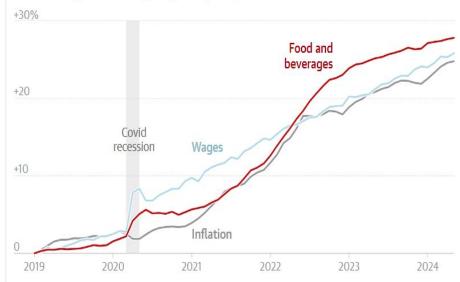
# The Deeper Dish



The financial risk may cause people to avoid going to a restaurant for a possibly disappointing experience.

#### Food prices have risen more than wages and overall inflation

Percent change from January 2019 to May 2024



Guardian graphic, Source: Company profit growth is calculated using a recent guarterly SEC filing compared to the same quarter two years prior. Companies' quarterly calendars differ, their most recent profits range from late 2023 to early 2024. US workers' wage growth from BLS is the change in the inflation adjusted median weekly earnings of private employees. Food and beverage and inflation figures from BLS. Source: T Perkins [13]







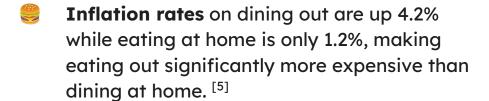


### **Problem Statement**

68% of Americans are eating at home instead of going to restaurants due to general inflation and the 4.1% price increase of restaurants compared to eating at home that has dropped by 0.2%.[10] While there are benefits to eating at home, people miss out on new culinary experiences and social bonding which shows strong correlation with wellbeing.<sup>[5]</sup> The difficulty of finding worthwhile restaurants best suited to an individual or group is a risk many are not willing to take. There is no current assured way to dine out and enjoy the company of others without risking disappointment and financial loss.



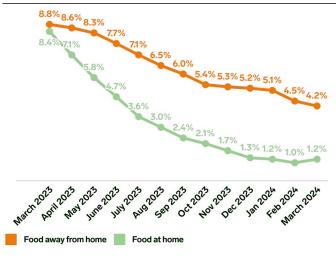
### **Problem Characteristics**



**Food prices have risen** more than the average worker's salary in the U.S. [13]

### The Cost of Eating Out Continues to Rise Faster Than the Cost of Food at Home

% change in US consumer price index, March 2023-March 2024

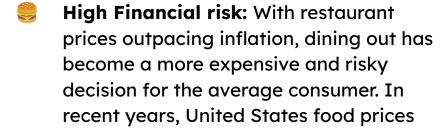


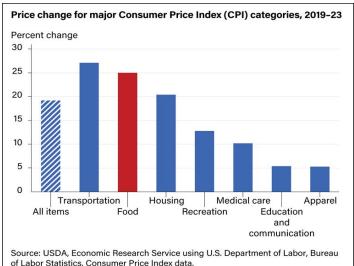
















rose by 25%. [15]



# Problem Characteristics (Continued)

Mismatched Expectations: Online reviews may not accurately reflect the customer's personal taste, leading to dissatisfaction in the dining experience. About 30% of online reviews are fabricated. [11] How do you know which reviews to believe?



Above: a fake review generated by AI [16]



Customers experience indecision when selecting dishes, making it difficult to confidently choose meals they will enjoy based on taste.



# Problem Characteristics (continued)



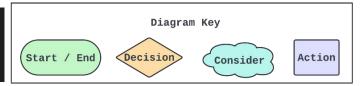
**Group Indecision:** Studies show that group decisions regarding where to eat is heavily influenced by social environment.<sup>[17]</sup> Can lead to individuals eating at places they don't enjoy just to fit in with the group and avoid conflict.

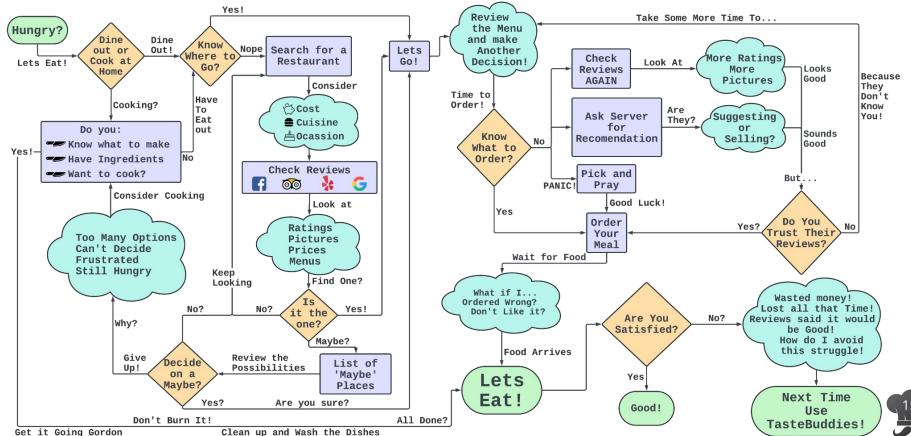
Sarah hates spicy foods, but Jerry lives for spice. Meanwhile, Ted wants vegan options. They need something that can combine their needs and tastes so they can enjoy a meal together again.





### **Current Process Flow**





### Solution: Dine with confidence

TasteBuddies is a smartphone app that will provide tailored restaurant and dish recommendations based on taste profiles. TasteBuddies will use data clustering to connect users with others who share similar preferences, offering relevant suggestions rather than generic reviews. Instead of guessing if a review is relevant, TasteBuddies users can rely on aggregated data that is catered to their taste.

By using TasteBuddies diners will get the most out of their dining experience, reducing dissatisfaction, while restaurants benefit from fewer complaints, less food waste, and happier customers who are more likely to return, give positive reviews, and tip well.



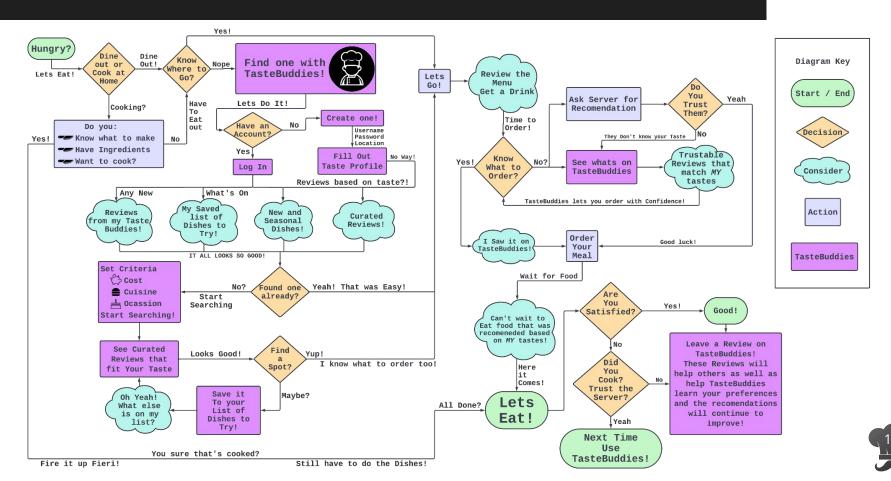


### Solution Characteristics

- Personalization: Our revolutionary app will provide tailor-made dish and restaurant recommendations tailored to individual tastes rather than offering a one-size fits all approach
- Tailored Recommendations: Instead of relying on broad, generic reviews, the app connects users with others who have aligned taste profiles, offering a more accurate and customized dining experience
- Customer Satisfaction: By offering recommendations based on individual preferences, the app helps customers get a better value for their money, enhancing the dining experience.
- Reduced Waste: With more accurate recommendations, fewer dishes are sent back due to dissatisfaction, reducing food waste and lost revenue for restaurants.
  - **Increased Tips:** Happier customers lead to increased tips for working staff and more positive reviews, benefiting restaurant owners and workers



### Solution Process Flow





# Steakholders







Local Economy Feasts on Diners

Respondents of the OnePoll study say that restaurants help boost their local economies by:

67%

providing jobs locally

encouraging spending in the local area

43%

increasing footfall in the area

encouraging people to move to the area

Source: OpenTable Restaurant Impact Report [18]



#### **Stakeholders**



Increased foot traffic supports

surrounding businesses, creating a positive effect in the local economy.

The more quests enjoy their dining experience, the more likely they will spend impulsively.[19]



# Community Wellbeing







- People will be encouraged to eat out more, increasing socialization and wellbeing, promoting a sense of wellbeing when connected to the community whilst reducing social isolation [5] [20]
- Local event organizers may have options of where to hold their event or eat thereafter, increasing community bonds while bolstering the local economy.



### Restaurants win





#### **Customers**

- Increased Customer Satisfaction
- Less Food Waste
- Increased Revenue
- Potential for regular clientele
- New Dishes land
- Targeted Client Outreach
  - Subscription allows notifications about featured dishes and other updates



### Everyone Eats, and Everyone Wants to Eat Well

#### Users



People looking to try new things and explore different cuisines.

#### Conservative Eaters

Users who prefer familiar foods but may be in a new location and want reliable recommendations.

#### Travelers

People from out-of-town are always looking for a dining spot

#### Foodies

Whether looking for a new place to review, post on your blog, or just please your buds, TasteBuddies has you covered.









### TasteBuddies Will Provide...





# ...Social Engagement

- **Tastebuddies**: Connect with users who share highly similar taste profiles for accurate suggestions.
- Super Tastebuddies: Follow taste influencers for expert recommendations in specific cuisines or dishes.
  - **Opt-in notifications** for seasonal dishes or specials that users loved previously.





### ...Taste Profiles

- Users can select their favorite restaurants and dishes, as well as input their preferences for core taste components, including spicy, salty, sweet, sour, and savory. These preferences will be used to create a personalized taste profile.
- Uses machine learning to continuously refine taste profiles and improve recommendation accuracy.
- Recommendations are based on the collective data of users with similar profiles.
  - Filters for allergies, dietary restrictions, and preferred dining experience.



# Intelligent Systems

- Prioritizes reviews and ratings from users with similar taste profiles and preferences, ensuring relevant feedback.
- Match restaurants to fit the preferences of a group, perfect for company dinners or family outings.
- Recommends dishes based on the user's current mood.







### TasteBuddies Will Not

- Provide recommendations for non-restaurant establishments or experiences
- Offer health advice or weight loss recommendations
- Prioritize generic reviews from all users
- 🍔 Offer food delivery or pick up
- Offer budgeting tools







# Competition Matrix

Feature	TasteBuddies	yelp*	<b>™</b> Tripadvisor	Google	facebook	Foodaholix
Taste Profiles	*					
Personalized Dish Recommendations	*					
Lifestyle Personalization	*	*				
Restaurant Reviews	*	*	*		*	
Dish Review	*					*
Followers	*	*			*	<b>*</b>
Restaurant Notifications	*				*	*
Group Restaurant Matching	*					







# Kitchen Aids / Chef Knives? (Development Tools)

Integrated Development Environment (IDE) - VSCode

Version Control - Git through GitHub.

Continuous Integration (CI) and Continuous Deployment (CD) - GitHub Actions & Workflows

Selected Language (Backend) - Java for the app and python for any ML.

Selected Language (Frontend) - HTML,CSS, JS for the site. JavaFX or Swing for an application but I should look into mobile app languages that work on android and IOS like react native. Could just do it in android studio and ignore ios for sanity reasons and just never address it. In my mind the mobile app is just a UI for communicating with the back end so it shouldn't be too difficult.

Testing Framework(s) - PyTest for Python, Jest for JavaScript, and Junit for Java.

Documentation Tool - pydoc for Python, JSDoc for JavaScript, and Javadoc for Java.



# Major Functional Components



#### **Presentation Layer**



Smartphone app Web applications

#### **Social Features**

**TasteBuddies SuperTasteBuddies** DailyDish Feed contains new Dishes

and Curated Reviews

#### **Dining Filters**

Location Cuisine Occasion

#### **Application Layer**

**Web Server** 

**User Profile Manager** 

User registration, login and preferences

**Restaurant and Dish Database** 

**Taste Matching Engine** Recommendation

Engine

**Group Dining** 

Pair with other users for recommendations

**Location Services** 

Required for local recommendations

#### Data Layer

**PostgreSQI Database** 

**Review Data** 

**User Data** 

Restaurant Data

**Storage Container** 

**Cloud Storage** 

Other data such as

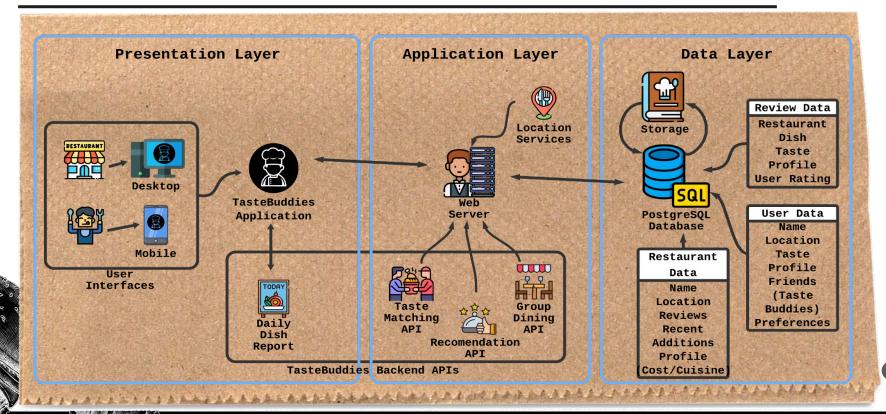
images

Other External API

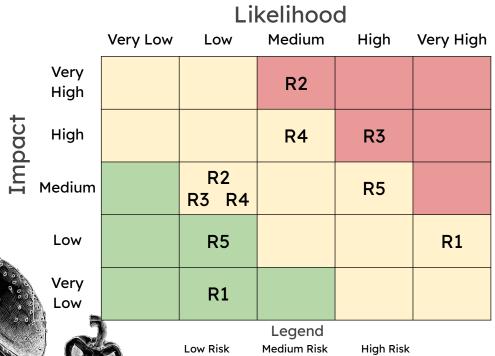
**Google Location** for connecting to local reviews



### Major Functional Components Diagram



### **User Risk Matrix**

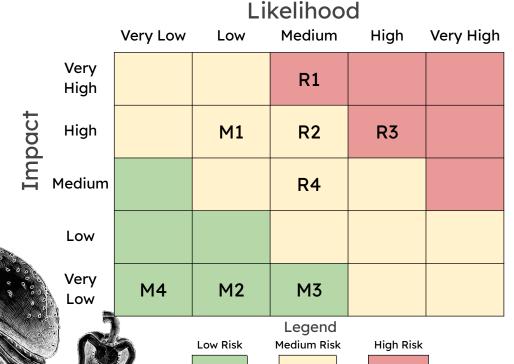


#### Risks

- R1: Fake Profiles and Reviews
- R2: User satisfaction with their recommendations
- **R3:** User Participation and Retention
- R4: Users evolving taste preferences
- R5: Users not wanting to share data

- M1: Require users to tie accounts to phone numbers and ban phone numbers from websites that provide temporary phone numbers
- M2: Allow user feedback on recommendations
- M3: Implement milestone-based Badges and rewards system for leaving reviews, and send reminder notifications to encourage participation
- M4: Allow users to update preferences and periodically prompt users for updates, "Do you still like..."
- M5: Allow users to opt in or out of data collection for specific features

### **Customer Risk Matrix**



#### Risks

- R1: Restaurants wont upgrade to premium accounts
- R2: Matching with closed restaurants
- R3: Matching with outdated dishes
- R4: Users may feel overwhelmed by excessive notifications

- M1: Offer trial subscription to premium accounts and data-driven insights for the success of other restaurants with premium accounts
- M2: Enable users to report a restaurant closure with a review process to prevent misuse, as well as reviews triggered by events (ending subscription)
- M3: Enable user feedback as well as send periodic reminders to restaurants to verify dish availability
- M4: Allow users to customize notification settings Limit notifications restaurants can send based on subscription tier

### Technical Risk Matrix

		Likelihood						
		Very Low	Low	Medium	High	Very High		
Impact	Very High		R5	R2 R6 R7				
	High		R1	R4	R3			
	Medium	M7		M3				
	Low	M1 M4 M5	M2					
	Very Low	M6						
3		<b>a</b>	Low Risk	Legend Medium Risk	High Risk			

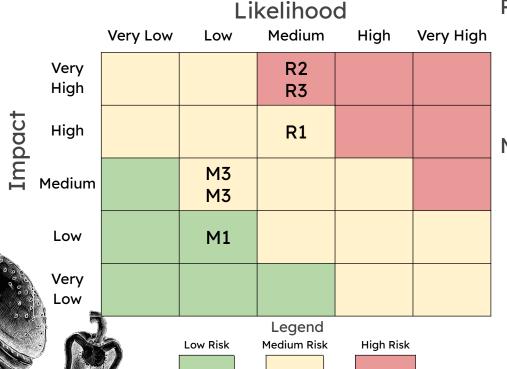
#### **Risks**

- R1: Inaccurate recommendations due to error in algorithm
- R2: Not enough users to create a reliable database
- R3: Credentials / Data Compromisation
- R4: App performance issues
- R5: Server downtime
- R6: User refuses location services
- R7: Loss of Cell/Internet Connection

- M1: User feedback forwarded to development team to improve algorithm
- M2: Conduct an initial survey among foodies/employees to populate data
- M3: Use Best Practices for Cybersecurity
- M4: Optimize codebase for speed and efficiency
- M5: Use reliable hosting services with automatic failover and scaling capabilities. Implement backup and recovery plan
- M6: Allow user to search by Zip Code or City
- M7: Notify user, store recent suggestions in cache



# Legal & Security Risk Matrix



#### Risks

- R1: Civil lawsuits against the app including potential user disputes or trademark violations
- R2: Data privacy regulations and potential mishandling of user data
- R3: Allergens not listed in dish description

- M1: Detailed terms and conditions for both users and restaurant that must be agreed to before use.
- M2: Obtain explicit user consent in the initial terms and conditions before collecting any personal information to ensure compliance with data privacy laws, including GDPR, CDPA, and the Privacy Act of 1974
- M3: Require restaurant provided dishes to be tagged with any allergens. User submitted dishes will be tagged as 'Unverified Allergens' until the restaurant provides appropriate tags

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